KAUKAUNA, WISCONSIN

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Fox River Navigational System Authority Kaukauna, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fox River Navigational System Authority (Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fox River Navigational System Authority, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ending in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9, and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

terickson : associates, S.C.

ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C. Appleton, Wisconsin July 22, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The discussion and analysis of Fox River Navigational System Authority's (Authority) financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on the Authority's financial performance as a whole.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

DECREASED NET POSITION - The Authority's overall financial status, as reflected in total net position, decreased by \$237,316 to \$29.87M from 2017 to 2018.

DECREASED REVENUE - Revenue decreased by \$868,295 from \$2.16M in 2017 to \$1.29M in 2018.

INCREASED EXPENSES - Expenses increased by \$225,896 from \$1.30M in 2017 to \$1.53M in 2018.

INCREASED GENERAL FUND BALANCE - The General (Operating) Fund balance increased by \$145,798 in 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of two parts - management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements and supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the Authority's financial activities.

Government-wide Statements

- The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> compares assets to liabilities to give an overall view of the financial health of the Authority. This statement includes fixed assets and long-term liabilities.
- The <u>Statement of Activities</u> defines the Authority's expenses by function and illustrates the total that is offset by corresponding revenues charges for services and/or operating grants and contributions. General Revenues and extraordinary credits are identified. The result is total net expense offset by general and miscellaneous revenue recognizing the change in net position for the Authority from the previous year.

Fund Financial Statements

• The <u>Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds</u> and <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, <u>and Changes in</u> <u>Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</u> focus on individual parts of the Authority. Fund financial statements generally report operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The <u>Notes to Financial Statements</u> provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the Authority's financial activities and position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The major features of the Authority's financial statements, including the scope of the activities reported and type of information contained, are shown in the following table. (Table #1) The Authority does not report any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

Table #1

	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Scope	Entire Authority (except fiduciary funds).	The activity of the Authority that is not proprietary or fiduciary.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position and statement of activities.	Balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.
Basis of accounting and measurement focus	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting. Current financial resources focus.
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilitics, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long-term liabilities included.
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability i due and payable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table #2

Con	densed Statement of Net Position		
	2018	<u>2017</u>	% Change
Assets			
Current Assets	\$ 17,590,939	\$ 17,458,296	1%
Noncurrent Assets	12,325,196	12,676,893	(3%)
Total Assets	29,916,135	30,135,189	(1%)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	82,402	68,405	20%
Lizbilities			
Current Liabilities	34,624	47,779	(28%)
Noncurrent Liabilities		8,473	(100%)
Total Liabilities	34,624	56,252	(38%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	90,501	36,974	145%
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	12,295,807	12,676,893	(3%)
Unrestricted	17,577,245	17,433,475	1%
Total Net Position	\$ 29,873,052	\$ 30,110,368	(1%)

Statement of Net Position: (Table #2)

The Authority's overall financial status, as reflected in total net position, decreased by \$237,316 to \$29.87M. The Authority reported total assets of \$29.92M in 2018, of which \$12.33M or 41.2% are noncurrent assets. The Authority reported deferred outflows of resources of \$82,402. The Authority reported total liabilities of \$34,624 in 2018. The Authority reported deferred inflows of resources of \$90,501.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table #3

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results for Governmental Activities								
			Actual <u>2018</u>	<u>%</u>		Actual 2017	<u>%</u>	% <u>Change</u>
Revenues :								
Program:	y.							
	Charges for Services	\$	36,886	3%	\$	35,808	2%	3%
	Operating Grants & Cont.		127,425	10%		127,923	6%	(0.4%)
General:								
	Net Investment Activity		1,129,085	87%		1,997,955	92%	(44%)
	Other			0%		5	0%	(100%)
Total Reve	enu cs		1,293,396			2,161,691		(40%)
Expenses:								
	General Government		786,052	51%		711,446	55%	11%
	Unallocated Depreciation		744,660	49%		593,370	45%	26%
Total Expe	enses		1,530,712		64. 111.	1,304,816	100%	17%
Change in	Net Position	\$	(237,316)		<u>\$</u>	856,875		(128%)

Revenue (Table #3)

For FY17-18, the Authority received \$1.29M in revenue. This is a decrease of 40% or \$868,295 from the previous year. For FY17-18, 87% of revenue came from net investment activity.

Expenses (Table #3)

For FY17-18, the Authority expenditures totaled \$1.5M. This is an increase of 17.3% or \$225,896 from 2017 to 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table #4

Ne	t Cost of Governmental	Activities		
		t of Services)18	Net C	ost of Services 2018
General Government	\$	786,052	\$	621,741
Unallocated Depreciation		744,660		744,660
Total	\$	1,530,712	S	1,366,401

Net Cost of Governmental Activities (Table #4)

The net cost of governmental activities was \$1.37M in 2018.

The total cost of all governmental activities was \$1.53M in 2018.

Fund Balance

The Authority's total fund balance for FY17-18 increased by \$145,798 from \$17.41 to \$17.56M.

The general fund balance increased by \$145,798 to \$17.56M in 2018.

The capital projects had no change in fund balance in 2018 due to an operating transfer from the general fund to cover expenditures of the capital projects fund.

General Fund Budgetary Comparison

The Authority's annual budget is scheduled for adoption at the annual board meeting held the fourth Tuesday in June of each year. The development of a preliminary budget is scheduled each January. The Authority did not modify the original budget in FY17-18.

FY17-18 general fund revenues ended higher than budgeted due to net investment activity, which was not budgeted for. Actual expenditures were lower than the original budget and final budget of \$830,874 by \$201,134.

Capital Assets

The Authority added \$363,574 in capital assets in FY17-18. Accumulated depreciation increased by a net amount of \$744,660 in FY17-18. As a result, net capital assets decreased from \$12.68M in FY16-17 to \$12.30M in FY17-18.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Factors that may Impact the Future of the Authority

FRNSA is considering 2 major projects (was 3) currently and they are as follows:

Project 1: Menasha Lock Electronic Barrier - project solution has been submitted to the DNR for review. The entire project expense ranges from 3.1-3.5 million. FRNSA is moving forward with this project as approvals are gained. FRNSA hopes to have all approvals by Spring of 2020.

Project 2: Appleton Visitor Center - FRNSA has completed the land transfer issues that remained with Department of Administration and the Developer (Eagle Flats) however additional site plan and environmental concerns yet to be resolved. FRNSA is anticipating the entire site plan and building of the visitor center will be in the range of 3.5 to 4.0 million. FRNSA has set aside \$750,000 for the project and received a grant of \$300,000 from the Nelson Family Fund. FRNSA will be launching a fundraising campaign in the fall of 2019.

Rapide Croche - FRNSA has tabled its investigation into possible solutions to opening the Rapide Croche Lock (Closed in 1985 in consideration of the AIS Aquatic Invasive Species know as Sea Lamprey). Past solutions that were investigated were economically cost prohibitive. FRNSA will move this project forward once after project 1 has been completed.

Ongoing rehabilitation and repair of the locks - FRNSA incurs expenses for the ongoing maintenance of the locks of roughly \$500,000 to \$600,000 annually. FRNSA is working with consultants in the development of a preventative maintenance plan and strategy to reduce the ongoing expenses with the exception of unforeseen incidents and emergency repairs.

FRNSA has purchased a phone application (App) to administer FRNSA sales and marketing of the Fox Locks in addition to sharing important and time sensitive information. One of the added features of the App is the ability to add virtual buoys. FRNSA will continue to explore the liability concerns associated with the App as it relates to virtual buoys.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Jeremy Cords, CEO, Fox River Navigational System Authority, 1008 Augustine St., Kaukauna, WI 54130.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 102,222
Investments	17,488,717
Total current assets	17,590,939
Noncurrent assets:	
Net pension asset - WRS	29,389
Capital assets:	
Land, buildings, and equipment	16,184,682
Less accumulated depreciation	3,888,875
Net capital assets	12,295,807
Total assets	29,916,135
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Expected vs. actual experience - WRS	37,339
Expected vs. actual investment income - WRS	31,455
Change in assumptions - WRS	5,806
Change in proportional share and difference in actual contributions - WRS	671
Contributions after measurement date - WRS	6,771
Total deferred outflows of resources	82,042
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	18,293
Accrued salaries and wages	11,951
Accrued payroll taxes and withholdings	4,380
Total current liabilities	34,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Differences between projected and actual experiences - WRS	17,466
Expected vs. actual investment income - WRS	71,847
Change in proportional share and difference in actual contributions - WRS	1,188
Total deferred inflows of resources	90,501
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	12,295,807
Unrestricted	17,577,245
Total net position	\$ 29,873,052
THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE S	TATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

									Ne	t (Expense)
									Re	venue and
									С	hanges in
			No.		Prog	ram Revenu	es		N	et Position
					C	Operating	C	apital		Total
			Cł	narges for	G	rants and	Gra	nts and	Go	vernmental
Functions	-	Expenses	5	Services	Co	ntributions	Cont	ributions	I	Activities
Primary government:						,	-			
General government	\$	786,052	\$	36,886	\$	127,425	\$		\$(621,74 1)
Unallocated depreciation	-	744,660							(744,660)
Total primary government	\$	1,530,712	\$	36,886	\$	127,425	\$		(1,366,401)
			G	ieneral rev	enues					
				Net inves	tment	activity				1,129,085
				Change	in n	et position			(237,316)
			N	et position	, beg	inning of ye	ar			30,110,368

Net position, end of year

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE STATEMENTS.

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\$ 29,873,052

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018

ASSETS	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 17,584,137	\$ 6,802	\$ 17,590,939
Due from other funds		6,080	6,080
Total assets	\$ 17,584,137	\$ 12,882	\$ 17,597,019
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 5,411	\$ 12,882	\$ 18,293
Accrued salaries and wages	11,951		11,951
Accrued payroll taxes and withholdings	4,380		4,380
Due to other funds	6,080		6,080
Total liabilities	27,822	12,882	40,704
Fund balances:			
Spendable:			
Assigned	6,500,000		6,500,000
Unassigned	11,056,315		11,056,315
Total fund balances	17,556,315		17,556,315
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,584,137	\$ 12,882	\$ 17,597,019

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	17,556,315
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Net pension assets - WRS are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			29,389
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The capital assets consisted of:			
Land Land improvements, net of \$7,556 accumulated depreciation Locks, net of \$3,505,187 accumulated depreciation Locks - construction in progress Visitor center - construction in progress Locktender houses, net of \$282,354 accumulated depreciation Building improvements, net of \$12,864 accumulated depreciation Furniture and equipment, net of \$80,914 accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	45,000 5,581 10,521,580 137,929 92,081 1,347,720 118,250 27,666		12,295,807
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			82,042
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		_(90,501)
Total net position of governmental activities	12	\$	29,873,052

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE STATEMENTS. - 13 -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 125,400	\$	\$ 125,400
Charges for services	23,106		23,106
Net investment activity	1,129,085		1,129,085
Other sources	15,805		15,805
Total revenues	1,293,396		1,293,396
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	629,740		629,740
Capital outlay		517,858	517,858
Total expenditures	629,740	517,858	1,147,598
Excess of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	663,656	(517,858)	145,798
Other financing sources (uses):			
Operating transfers in		517,858	517,858
Operating transfers (out)	(517,858)		(517,858)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(517,858)	517,858	
Net change in fund balance	145,798		145,798
Fund balance, beginning of year	17,410,517		17,410,517
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 17,556,315	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,556,315

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE STATEMENTS. - 14 -

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances-governmental funds			\$	145,798
The change in net position reported for governmental activities is different because:	-15			
Governmental funds report Authority pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. This is the amount pension expense exceeds the amount contributed by the Authority based on WRS calculations.) - ^{ma}	ί	(2,028)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. This is the amount by which capital expenditures exceed depreciation in the current period.			(381,086)
Changes in net position of governmental activities			\$ (237,316)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of Fox River Navigational System Authority (Authority) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Authority are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Fox River Navigational System Authority, a state agency, was created in 2001 to oversee the navigational system on the Fox River following the transfer of the system from the federal government to the state, which occurred on September 17, 2004. The Authority is governed by a nine member board of directors, six of whom are appointed by the Governor. The other board members consist of the secretaries of the Departments of Natural Resources and Transportation, and the director of the State Historical Society, or their designee. The Authority receives funding from state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. There are no component units, as defined in GASB Statement 61 that are included in the Authority's reporting entity.

B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. Authority resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The Authority operates the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Authority except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Authority as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds and component units.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the government-type activities of the Authority at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between the direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Authority.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Authority. Their focus is on major funds rather than reported funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Authority-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the Authority is sixty days after year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Authority receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: grants, contributions, investment earnings, rent, and other recreational and service fees.

Expenditures

Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

E. Budgets

The Authority's annual budget is scheduled for adoption at the annual board meeting held the fourth Tuesday in June of each year. The development of a preliminary budget is scheduled each January.

F. Cash and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The general fund and capital projects fund use separate checking accounts to keep the funds segregated.

All investments are stated at fair value.

G. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the authority-wide statement of net position, but not in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirement during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair value as of the date received. All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital asset. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land	Not depreciated
Locks	20 years
Locktender houses	40 years
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Land improvements	15-30 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years

H. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for the classifications of fund balances on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact - principal balance of endowments and permanent funds.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance - this classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

Committed fund balance - these amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Authority Board - the Authority's highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned fund balance - this classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Authority's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the Authority Board or by an individual or subordinate high level body to which the Board has delegated authority to the extent assignment does not create a negative unassigned fund balance, as follows: 1) An amount sufficient to liquidate open encumbrances that are reasonably expected to result in the subsequent year, and 2) An amount estimated to be sufficient to cover the cost of unsettled labor agreements, if any.

Unassigned fund balance - this fund balance includes any remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

The Board assigned sufficient funds to partially close the system should the action be required. \$8.50 million of the original \$11.83 million provided from the Federal Government in 2004 was assigned for potential abandonment; \$6.5 million is assigned as of June 30, 2018.

I. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

The Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Authority has items in this category relating to its share of the WRS pension plan.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has items in this category relating to its share of the WRS pension plan.

J. WRS Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Cash and Investments:

Chapter 237 of the Wisconsin Statutes sets forth that the Authority must make every reasonable effort to contract with one or more nonprofit corporations as described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is based in one or more of the counties in which the navigational system is located. Each corporation contracted with the Authority must do all of the following:

- a) Provide marketing and fund-raising services for the Authority.
- b) Make every reasonable effort to raise \$2,750,000 of local or private funding for rehabilitation and repair of the navigational system.
- c) Accept for investment moneys received by the Authority for rehabilitation and repair under s. 237.08 and invest the moneys at a rate of return that the Authority finds adequate to enable the Authority to exercise its duties and powers in rehabilitating and repairing the navigational system.

The Authority contracts with Community Foundation for the Fox Valley Region, Inc., Greater Green Bay Community Foundation, and Oshkosh Area Community Foundation for the above services. The Foundations serve as fiscal agents in accepting, investing, and distributing federal, state and local contributions consistent with community foundation policies and legal requirements for the objectives and responsibilities of the Authority.

The carrying amount of the Authority's cash and investments totaled \$17,590,939 on June 30, 2018, as summarized below:

Petty cash funds	\$ 1,100
Deposits with financial institutions	101,122
Investments:	
Community Foundation Unlock the Fox Funds	 17,488,717
Total	\$ 17,590,939
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
Statement of net position	\$ 17,590,939

Deposits and investments of the Authority are subjected to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of specific risks and the Authority's policy related to each risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Deposits in banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 per official custodian for demand deposits and an additional \$250,000 for time deposits. In addition, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund that provides a maximum of \$400,000 per entity above the amount provided by the FDIC. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.

As of June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$101,122 and the bank balance was \$146,090. Of the bank balance, \$146,090 was covered by FDIC insurance.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Authority's investments are held in the name of Community Foundation for the Fox Valley Region Inc. The Foundation held \$17,488,717 at June 30, 2018.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Authority's investments in corporate bonds are rated BBB+ to AAA by Standard & Poor's. The Authority's money market funds are not rated.

The Authority adopted the Community Foundation for the Fox Valley Region, Inc.'s investment policy for these funds. The Unlock the Fox Fund may invest in:

Money Market and Fixed Income Investments:

- a) Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies and sponsored organizations. Repurchase agreements 100% collateralized by such securities.
- b) Money market securities, which meet the SEC rule 2a-7 definition of top tier, or if unrated, are deemed equivalent to top tier by the investment advisor.
- c) Fixed income securities with a minimum rating of A at the time of purchase, as rated by a major fixed income rating organization, or if unrated, deemed equivalent to A quality by the investment advisor.
- d) Shares of open-end mutual funds, closed-end mutual funds, or exchange traded funds with investment criteria substantially matching the guidelines in this policy.
- e) Investment companies or trusts (open-end, closed-end, or ETF) which invest in noninvestment grade securities, to the extent that the portfolio's allocation to this category does not exceed ten percent of portfolio assets at the time of purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

f) Investment companies or trusts (open-end, closed-end, or ETF) which invest in foreign and/or global debt instruments to the extent that the portfolio's allocation to any one of these categories does not exceed ten percent of portfolio assets at the time of purchase.

Equities:

- a) Common stocks of U.S. companies that are listed on a domestic stock exchange or are traded in the over-the-counter market or are traded on a domestic electronic stock exchange.
- b) American Depository Receipts (ADRs or ADSs).
- c) Shares of open-end mutual funds, closed end mutual funds, or exchange traded funds, which invest in U.S. and/or international equity securities.
- d) Rights or warrants received by the portfolio as a result of a holding in the issuing parent company.
- e) Protective put option strategies or covered call option strategies.

Alternative Investments:

- a) Hedge Funds and Hedge Funds of funds.
- b) Private Equity investment companies or partnerships, which invest in leveraged buyouts, mezzanine financing, and/or venture capital financing.
- c) Real estate funds; Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs).
- d) Commodity-related, Currency-related or other specialized mutual funds, pooled funds of ETF's that invest in assets designed to track the behavior of a specific commodity, currency, commodity index, currency index, or other alternative investment category.
- e) Structured Notes based on one of the approved investments.
- f) Other alternative investment assets provided suitable documentation for such assets is on file.
- g) It is assumed any illiquid investments will be discussed with the Foundations prior to investment.

Maturity Guidelines

The weighted average maturity of the portfolio of fixed income investments will not exceed 10 years. Individual fixed income securities will typically have maturities of 30 years or less.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

Following is the distribution of the Authority's investments by each investment type at June 30, -2018:

	Original		Fair	
Investment Type	Cost			Value
Money market funds	\$	237,593	\$	237,593
Equities:				
Domestic		6,990,340		9,907,162
Domestic mutual funds		2,205,932		2,534,513
Fixed income:				
Corporate bonds		3,993,516		3,899,478
Government bonds		400,125		392,656
Domestic mutual funds		450,424		416,570
International mutual funds		103,938		100,745
Totals	\$	14,381,868	\$	17,488,717

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Authority does not have a formal investment policy to address interest rate risk.

Note 3. Funds held by the Community Foundation:

Funds held by the Community Foundation represent funds transferred by the Authority to the Community Foundation for investment and contributions and pledges. Contributions and pledges from donors will be directed to the Community Foundation in their area. The Community Foundation sends acknowledgement letters for pledges and annual pledge payment notices to the donors. The Foundations maintain donor records and prepare reports as requested.

The Community Foundation works with Associated Bank for investing and managing their funds for the project. All contributions are attributed equally to the three foundations and invested together by the investment manager. The manager is expected to produce sufficient return to meet payout projections determined by the Community Foundations. It is projected that each year the Authority will establish a budget and will request distributions from the Fund for the upcoming year.

The balance in the Fund at the year ended June 30, 2018, is \$17,488,717.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 4. Changes in Capital Assets:

Governmental activities:	6/30/2017 Balance	Additions	Additions Reductions	
acuvities: Land	\$ 45,000	¢	¢	¢ 45.000
		\$	\$	\$ 45,000
Land improvements	13,137			13,137
Locks	13,804,553	222,214		14,026,767
Locks - construction	100.010	10.015		100.000
in progress	125,012	12,917		137,929
Visitor center - construction in				
progress	63,638	28,443		92,081
Locktender houses	1,630,074			1,630,074
Building				
improvements	31,114	100,000		131,114
Furniture &				
equipment	108,580			108,580
Totals	15,821,108	363,574		16,184,682
Accumulated				
depreciation:				
Land improvements	6,899	657		7,556
Locks	2,814,959	690,228		3,505,187
Locktender houses	241,587	40,767		282,354
Building				
improvements	9,292	3,572		12,864
Furniture &				
equipment	71,478	9,436		80,914
Totals	3,144,215	744,660		3,888,875
Capital assets, net	\$ 12,676,893	\$ (381,086)	<u> </u>	\$ 12,295,807

All depreciation expense was charged to unallocated depreciation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 5. Long-term Obligations:

Long-term obligations of the Authority are as follows:

Туре	ginning alance	Ad	ditions	Re	ductions	nding llance	Due	Within Year
Net pension liability - WRS	\$ 8,473	\$		\$	8,473	\$ 	\$	

Note 6. Interfund Balances:

Interfund balances on the fund financial statements consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

Fund	D	Due To		
General Capital project	\$	6,080	\$	6,080
Totals	\$	6,080	\$	6,080

The inter-fund balance between the general fund and the capital project fund exists to remove the negative fund balance in the capital project fund.

Inter-fund transfers on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Project Fund \$

The inter-fund transfer between the general fund and the capital project fund was made to provide additional funding for capital projects.

Note 7. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds:

There were no funds that had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 8. Capital Lease:

The State of Wisconsin leased to the Authority for the purposes of rehabilitation, repair, replacement, operation and maintenance, the Navigational System as set forth in Chapter 237 of the Wisconsin Statutes, together with the personal property conveyed to the State of Wisconsin by the federal government. The initial term of the lease is September 15, 2004, through September 15, 2034. The annual rent for the building and personal property shall be \$1 per year, payable on the commencement of the lease and the first day of each subsequent year of the lease.

Note 9. Lease Income:

The Authority entered into an easement agreement with American Transmission Company for rightof-way for electrical power transmission or communication facilities. American Transmission Company paid in advance a \$500 administration fee. Compensation in the amount of \$4,000 is also due per five year period. Every five years, or upon interim review, compensation will be reviewed. The easement was granted for a period of 23 years beginning August 23, 2011, the easement may be terminated by the Authority with a 90 day notice.

517.858

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan:

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher that the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2007	3.0 %	10 %
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$10,111 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2018 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives,	6.8%	6.8%
and elected officials)		
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	10.6%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	14.9%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported a liability (asset) of \$(29,389) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the Authority's proportion was 0.00098983%, which was a decrease of 0.0000381% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$12,133.

At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	37,339	S	17,466
Changes in assumptions		5,806		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		31,455		71,847
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		671		1,188
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	6,771		
Totals	\$	82,042	\$	90,501

\$6,771 is reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources				
2018	\$	30,007	\$	27,442	
2019		26,569		27,041	
2020		9,640		19,565	
2021		8,983		16,453	
Thereafter		72			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2016
Measurement date of net pension liability (asset)	December 31, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Asset valuation method	Fair market value
Long-term expected rate of return	7.2%
Discount rate	7.2%
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table
Post-retirement adjustments*	2.1%

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2012 - 2014. The total pension liability for December 31, 2017, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Retirement Funds Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

	Asset	Long-Term Expected Nominal	Long-Term Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Global equities	50	8.2	5.3
Fixed income	24.5	4.2	1.4
Inflation sensitive assets	15.5	3.8	1.0
Real estate	8	6.5	3.6
Private equity/debt	8	9.4	6.5
Multi-asset	4	6.5	3.6
Total Core Fund	110	7.3	4.4
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70	7.5	4.6
International equities	30	7.8	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.2% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.2% and a long term bond rate of 3.31%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.2% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.2%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.2%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.2%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate		Current Discount Rate	1% Increase to Discount Rate
A with a site to some a site of a site of a site of the		(6.2%)	(7.2%)	(8.2%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	76,039	\$ (29,389)	\$ (109,518)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <u>http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm</u>

Note 11. Contingent Liabilities:

Risk management - The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority purchases commercial insurance coverage for most of these risks. There were no reductions in purchased coverage for the year ended June 30, 2018. No settlements exceeded insured amounts during these years.

Litigation - From time to time, the Authority is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and counsel that the likelihood is remote, due in part to insurance coverage, that any other such claims or proceedings will have a material effect on the Authority's financial position.

Note 12. Fund Balance Reporting:

The following table discloses details of the amounts reported in the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2018:

Description	General Fund		Pro	pital ojects und	Total Governmental Funds			
Fund balances:	_							
Assigned: Potential system abandonment	\$	6,500,000	\$		\$	6,500,000		
Unassigned		11,056,315				11,056,315		
Total fund balances	\$	17,556,315	\$		\$	17,556,315		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 13. Fair Value Measurement:

The Authority's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources

The categorization of investments with the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

	Level 1		vel 2	_Le	evel 3	Totals	
Money market funds	\$ 237,593	\$		\$		\$ 237,593	
Government bonds	392,656					392,656	
Corporate bonds	3,899,478					3,899,478	
Bond mutual funds	517,315					517,315	
Equity funds	9,907,162					9,907,162	
Equity mutual funds	2,534,513					2,534,513	
Totals	\$17,488,717	\$		\$		\$17,488,717	

The fair value of the Authority's investments were classified as follows:

Investments classified in the Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices provided by the Community Foundation for the Fox Valley Region, Inc.

Note 14. US Army Corps of Engineers:

As part of the original transfer of the locks to the State, the Corps made a transfer of money to the Authority for upgrading the locks. Once the locks are complete, there may be some additional funds that will be made available subject to congressional funding.

Note 15. Subsequent Events:

The Authority has evaluated all subsequent events through July 22, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2

SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Share Net Pe Liab	roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Covered Employee Payroll	Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)		
06/30/15 0.	.00104160%	\$ (25,578)	\$	155,972	102.74%		
06/30/16 0.	00104238%		16,938		138,732	98.20%		
06/30/17 0.	.00102793%		8,473		143,287	99.12%		
06/30/18 0.	.00098983%	(29,389)		148,692	102.93%		

Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Plan Fiduciary

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2015 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

				ributions in ation to the					Contributions as a Percentage
Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually lequired ntributions	Cor F	Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered mployee Payroll	of Covered Employee Payroll
06/30/15	\$	10,918	\$	10,918	\$		\$	155,972	7.00%
06/30/16		9,434		9,434				138,732	6.80%
06/30/17		9,457		9,457				143,287	6.60%
06/30/18		10,111		10,111				148,692	6.80%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2015 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

NOTES TO REQUIRED WRS SCHEDULES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Change of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Note 2. Change of Assumptions:

There were no changes in the assumptions.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS -

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Devenues	Original Budget]	Final Budget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues:	¢	106 400	¢	105 400	¢	105 400	¢		
Intergovernmental	\$	125,400	\$	125,400 25,000	\$	125,400	\$	1 004)	
Charges for services		25,000	25,000		23,106		(1,894)		
Net investment activity		10.000			1,129,085		1,129,085		
Other sources		13,000		13,000		15,805		2,805	
Foundation draws		640,000		640,000		537,000	(103,000)	
Fund balance applied		10,000		10,000			_(10,000)	
Total revenues		813,400		813,400	_	1,830,396		1,016,996	
Expenditures:									
General government		780,874		780,874		629,740		151,134	
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000				50,000	
Total expenditures		830,874		830,874	_	629,740		201,134	
Excess of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(17,474)	(17,474)		1,200,656	1	,218,130	
Net other financing sources (uses)	×				_(517,858)	_(517,858)	
Net change in fund balance	(17,474)	(17 ,474)		682,798		700,272	
Fund balance, beginning of year		7,410,517	17	,410,517	_1	7,410,517			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1'</u>	7,393,043	\$ 17	,393,043	\$ 1	8,093,315	\$	700,272	

SEE NOTES TO BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHEDULE.

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NOTES TO BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Modified Accrual Basis - General Fund:

Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis Foundation draws	\$ 682,798 537,000)
Net change in fund balance - modified accrual basis	\$ 145,798